

AYURLINE

e-ISSN: 2456-4435

July- Sept. 2021 Vol. 05th Issue:3rd

International Journal of Research in Indian Medicine

To evaluate the efficacy of *Brahmi Ghrita* in the management of *Vishada* (depression) Pravin Ashok Mali*¹, Kunal Patil², Dinesh Mali³,

- 1. Principal, Professor & HOD, Dept. of Kayachikitsa
- 2. HOD & Reader, Dept. of Shalyatantra,
- 3. Lecturer, Dept. of Shalyatantra,

K.D.M.G.S. Ayurvedic College, Chalisgaon, Dist-Jalgaon, M. S., India

*Corresponding author: drpravinmali79@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

helplessness, Depressed mood. worthlessness and hopelessness were the symptoms present in more than 95% of the subjects. 33 subjects displaying the symptoms of Vishada (Depression) within the inclusion criteria were included in the study. Subjects suicidal tendencies, other psychiatric Key disorders, major depressive disorders, and pregnant women were excluded. A dose of 6 grams of Brahmi Ghrita was given twice in a day. The effect of the therapy was assessed using Hamilton's Depression Rating Scale, and Self prepared. Rating Scale of Vishada, based on the scoring achieved by the subject before and after treatment. The result of the study can be summarized as follows the overall effect of the therapy proves that after thirty days of treatment many symptoms of depression decrease in magnitude, with statistical significance. The drugs present in Brahmi Ghrita are Srotoshodhaka and medhya (purify the channels of the body and improves intellectual ability), Vatanulomaka (corrects the direction of the flow of

vata), Vatahara (reduce the level of Vata present in the body) and stimulant in nature. These properties inherently remove the avarana of Kapha and act on Vata. At this juncture we can conclude that Brahmi Ghrita has good results in managing Vishada (Depression), within thirty days of treatment.

Key words: Vishada, depression, Brahmi ghrita

INTRODUCTION

The human mind is an entity which has been studied through the ages, and still mystifies mankind despite the advancement in science and technology. The efforts to demystify continue, and seem likely to for many more years, because nothing new has emerged beyond the concepts that were conceived and developed by sages long ago. The very term "mind" is complex, intriguing, confusing and even controversial. It is identified with consciousness sometimes, and at times taken to indicate a few operations of consciousness. Another version considers it a mere operation of the physical body. It is atomic, unitary

and the controller of all sensory and motor organs. From the Vedas, to the the Darshanas, *Upanishads* and culminating in Ayurveda, the science of life, which explains some astounding practical and applied theories on this topic, a lot has been said on Mind¹.The mind is believed to be responsible for translating human emotions such as happiness, sorrow, disgust fear, and surprise. Depression is a normal response to loss or misfortune. Depression is abnormal when it is out of proportion to misfortune or unduly prolonged. Depressed mood is closely coupled with other changes notably a lowering of self-esteem, selfcriticism, and pessimistic thinking. A sad person has characteristic expression with turned corners of the mouth, furrowed brow, and a hunched, dejected posture.² Based the above references, depression can be understood condition which afflicts the mind.

AIMS & OBJECTIVES

To study the efficacy of *Brahmi Ghrita* in the management of *Vishada* (Depression)

MATERIALS & METHODS

SOURCE OF DATA: 30 Patients attending the OPD and IPD, department of *Manasa Roga*, K.D.M.G.S Ayurvedic Medical College, Chalisgaon, who were diagnosed with depression and eligible and willing patients were enrolled in the study.

METHODS OF COLLECTIOS OF

DATA: Patients were selected on the following criteria

CRITERIA FOR DIAGNOSIS: 1. the diagnosis was made on the basis of diagnostic criteria for mild and moderate depression in ICD 10.³

2. The diagnosis was made on the basis of sign and symptoms of *Vishada* as per *Ayurveda*⁴

B.INCLUSION CRITERIA:

- 1. Patients diagnosed as per the criteria for mild and moderate depression as per ICD 10.
- 2. Age between 18 to 50 years.
- 3. Patients of either gender, irrespective of socioeconomic status.
- 4. Patient with history of depression less than one year.
- 5. Patients who were under medication for depression previously but not using now.
- 6. Patients ready to sign informed consent form.

C.EXCLUSION CRITERIA:

- 1. Patients with other psychiatric disorders.
- 2. Patients with major depressive disorder.
- -3. Pregnant women.
- 4. Patients with suicidal tendency/

Plan of study

Brahmi ghrita was given in the dose of 6 grams, twice a day half an hour before food for 30 days

METHOD OF PREPRATION

Brahmi Ghrita was prepared till madhyama paka as mentioned in classics⁵ K.D.M.G.S Ayurvedic Medical College, Chalisgaon.

PACKAGING

Packaging of *Brahmi Ghrita* was done in 200 grams container at K.D.M.G.S Ayurvedic Medical College, Chalisgaon

ASSESSMENT CRITERIA:

1. Hamilton's depression rating scale ⁶ was used to measure the difference between before and after the treatment.

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2. Self-prepared scale for assessment of *Vishada* (Depression) was used to measure the difference between before and after the treatment.

FOLLOW UP

Once in every 15 days after completion of the treatment, patient was asked to come for follow up for a period of 30 days.

OBSERVATION & RESULTS Effect on Mandacheshta:

Brahmi Ghrita provided significant improvement in Mandacheshta (45.99%, p <0.001) Mandacheshta is a Kapha predominant symptom. Drugs present in Brahmi Ghrita are Vatakapha hara, Ushna Teeksha guna and stimulant property. It helps to balance the vitiated Doshas.

Effect on Alpavakthwam: Brahmi
Gritha provided significant improvement
in Alpavakthwam present in subjects
(27.31%, p <0.001) Kapha dosha is R
responsible for Alpavakthwam.
Kaphahara and stimulant
property of Brahmi Ghrita alleviated
these symptoms in subjects.

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Effect on *Apraharsha*: *Apraharsha* showed significant improvement by administration of *Brahmi Ghrita* (29.21%, p <0.001). The symptom is because of *Kapha Dosha Vriddhi*, which by the administration of *Brahmi Ghrita* having *Kaphavatahara* property showed improvement.

Effect of on *Moodha Samjna*: Significant improvement was found in *Moodha Samjna* after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita* (37.20%, p <0.001). *Moodha Samjna* is caused by *Kapha Dushti*. The drugs of *Brahmi Ghrita* act on the aggravated *Dosha* and bring down it and its associated symptoms.

Effect on *Sidanti Gatrani*: There was statistically significant improvement in *Sidanti Gatrani* (46.18%, p <0.001). The symptom is due to Vata. *Brahmi Ghritha* is *Vatakaphahara* and the drugs act as *Vatanulomana*. Inatake of *Brahmi Ghrita* thus reduces *Sidanti Gatrani*.

Effect on *Mukhashosha*: There was statistically significant improvement in *Mukhashosha* (27.89, p <0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*. *Mukhashosha* is caused by *Vata* and *Pita*. The *Vatanulomana* property of *Brahmi Ghrita* and the *Pita hara* property of *Ghrita* in general acted on the symptom.

Effect on *Vepathu*: There was statistically significant improvement in *Vepathu* (17.77%, p <0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*. *Vepathu* is caused by the aggrevation of *Vatika Dosha* and *Brahmi Ghrita* acts on *Vata* and gives significant results.

Effect on Aruchi: There was statistically significant improvement in Aruchi (47.73%, p<0.001) after intake of Brahmi Ghrita. Aruchi is caused by the aggrevation of Vata and kapha Dosha and Brahmi Ghrita is Vata Kaphahara and the drugs have Ruchiprada property. Effect on Prasweda: The intake of Brahmi Ghrita showed statistically significant improvement in

Prasweda (18.34%, p<0.001). Prasweda is caused by the aggrevation of Pitta and Ghrita have direct action on reducing Pitta.

Effect on *Twak Paridaha*: There was statistically no significant improvement in *Twak Paridaha* (9.43%, p>0.05) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect of Brahmi ghrita on Hamilton's depression scale:

Effect on depressed mood: There was statistically significant improvement in

depressed mood (47.94%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi ghrita*. Depressed mood is caused by the aggrevation of *Kapha dosha* and *Brahmi ghrita* is *kaphavata hara*.

Effect on feeling of guilt: feeling of guilt had statistically significant improvement in (32.01%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi ghrita*.

Effect on suicidal ideation: There was statistically significant improvement in suicidal ideation (35.01%, p<0.001) after treatment.

Effect on insomnia early: There was statistically significant improvement in insomnia early (43.02%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi ghrita*. Lack of sleeping negatively affects brain neuronal signalling, including response to serotonin. Sleep deprivation has been shown to desensitize serotonin pathways. So administration of *Brahmi Ghrita* may have helped normalizing serotonin and induce sleep.

Effect on insomnia middle and insomnia late: Insomnia middle and insomnia late are statistically insignificant (9.52% & 0%, p<0.05 & p>0.05) even after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on work and activities: There was statistically significant improvement in work and activities (46.57%, p<0.001) after administration of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on retardation: retardation showed statistically significant improvement (43.72%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on agitation: agitation is statistically insignificant (2.43%, p>0.05) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on anxiety (psychic): There was statistically significant improvement in

anxiety (psychic) (38.52%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on anxiety (somatic): There was statistically significant improvement in anxiety (somatic) (31.25%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on somatic symptoms (gastrointestinal): There was statistically significant improvement in somatic symptoms (gastrointestinal) (42.80%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on somatic symptoms (general): There was statistically significant improvement somatic symptoms (35.57, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on genital symptoms: genital symptom is statistically significant (17.93%, p<0.05)

hypochondriasis: hypochondriasis: is statistically insignificant (11.62%, p>0.001)

and Effect on loss of weight: There was statistically significant improvement in complaint of loss of weight (30.24%, and p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on insight: insight showed statistically significant improvement (15.55

%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on diurnal variations (morning& evening): There was statistically significant improvement in diurnal variations (morning & evening) (30.99% & 26.44 %, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on depersonalization and derealization: There was statistically significant improvement in depersonalization and de-realization (29.78%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on paranoid symptoms: There was statistically significant improvement in paranoid symptoms (28.01%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on obsession and compulsive behaviour: no subjects were reported with obsession and compulsive behaviour.

Effect on helplessness: helplessness showed statistically significant improvement (48.33%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on hopelessness: There was statistically significant improvement in hopelessness (48.33%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

Effect on worthlessness: There was statistically significant improvement in worthlessness (37.72%, p<0.001) after intake of *Brahmi Ghrita*.

DISCUSSION PROBABLE MODE OF ACTION BRAHMI GHRITA

The drug 'Brahmi Vatakapha Shamana property and is predominantly kapha Shamaka. It is also Agni Deepaka and Sroto Shodhaka. Some of its Ingredients have Anulomana property, which also acts on Vata. The drug as a whole is Medhya, Ojasya, Rasayana. Considering all these properties, the drug can act on the mind. The abnormalities in Vishada are greatly Vata predominant and are cured by the Vata Shamaka action of the drug. The Srotoshodhaka action of the drug helps to act deeply on the mind destructing the Aavarana of Tamas. The ingredients like maricha, pippali and shunti are proven **CNS** antidepressants. The exact mechanism behind the observed CNS antidepressants effect needs to be elucidated. The probable mechanism is

synapses block of afferent to pathway or due to overall CNS antidepressant action. Chronic treatment of Piperine which is a constituent isolated from black pepper or long pepper enhances the serotonin level in the hypothalamus and hippocampus. Essential fatty acid necessary for the production of serotonin are the omega 3's. Thus omega 3 fatty acid deficiencies may lead to depression by hampering serotonin production.

CONCLUSION

The overall effect of the therapy proved that after thirty days of treatment many symptoms of depression have come down with statistical significance.

At this juncture we can conclude that Brahmi Ghrita has good results in managing Vishada within thirty days of treatment. This is a real help for the large number of patients suffering from depression that is not being provided with effective managements even after all the modern advancement in science.

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Conflict of Interest: DOI Source of funding:

Non https://doi.org/10.52482/ayurline.v5i03.555 Nil

Cite this article:

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Ayurline: International Journal of Research In Indian Medicine 2021; 5(3):01-06

