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A Role of *Ayurvedic* Management in *Mutrashmari* w. s. r. to Renal Calculi – A Case Study.

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Abstract – Mutrashmari is one of the commonest diseases of Mutravaha strotas. The disease Mutrashmari is one among the AshtaMahagada (8 fatal conditions) formed in the urinary system^[11]. Based on its clinical features, it is compared with urolithiasis. It is a consequence of complex physicochemical processes which involves sequence of events in the formation of any urinary stone. In this case report 50 yrs /male patient visited in OPD Kaychikista with complaint of abdominal pain (radiating pain from loin to groin) & burning micturition. The pt had 2 times operated history for renal calculi. He was not willing for 3rd time operation of renal calculi so he came for Avurvedic treatment. The USG report showed renal calculi. The patient was treated with ayurvedic formulation of churna, tab & kashaya. This treatment showed magical effect. The

stone was expelled out through urine within 1 month. It was 18 mm ×9 mm in

size. The pt got moderate relief from pain in the abdomen & didn't experience dysuria.

Keywords – *Mutrashmari*, Renal calculi, *Shaman chikitsa*, *Ayurvedic* formulation.

Introduction-

+ Renal stones vary in frequency around the world probably as а consequence of dietary & environmental factors. Renal stone are one of the most common urological problems^[10] Renal stone can occur at any age. Stones that grow in the urinary tract (recognised as nephrolithiasis or *urolithiasis*) form when the urine becomes excessively supersaturated concerning a mineral, leading to crystal formation, growth, aggregation & retention with in the kidneys^[1]

+ The lifetime prevalence of symptomatic renal calculi is approximately 10% in men, 5% in women & probability of the second stone formation within 5 to 7 yrs is approximately

50%^{[4].} Worldwide approximately 80% kidney stones are composed of calcium oxalate (CaOx) mixed with calcium phosphate (CaP)^[5]

+ Mutrashmari is one of the commonest diseases of Mutravaha strotas. Mutrashmari is classified on the basis of, predominance of doshas sign & symptoms^[2]. Depending upon the type of ashmari the other symptoms & the nature of pain varies. Acharya Sushruta has mentioned Mutrashmari as one of the AshtaMahagada, Mahagada means which is dreadful & having potential to disturb the anatomy & physiology of urinary system. It has tendency of recurrence. Acharya Sushruta has explained the formation of Ashmari

in detail including *Nidana*, *samprapti*, *purvarupa*, *Rupa*, *Bheda*, *Updrava*, *Asadhya lakshana &chikitsa* in a most scientific manner.^[3]

+ Acharya Charak has explained the samprapti of Mutrashmari in Trimarmiyadhyaya of chikitsa sthan. Along with Kapha dosha in Mutravaha strotas vitiated vata dosha lead to [6] Ashmari formation There is reduction in volume of urine due to saturation of kapha dosha thus causing formation of Ashmari due to nidan sevan, doshas gets aggravated along with dushya they cause strotodusti & then disease manifest.^[7]

Case study- A 50 yrs old male patient visited to our L.K.*Ayurved Rugnalay*, Yavatmal on 27/06/2022.

The patient presented with complaint of severe pain in left flank region associated with burning micturition, difficulty in urination, pain radiating to groin region, intermittently. USG abdomen was advised.

History of Present illness:- Before 2 months pt. was in good state then he started to complain of severe abd pain & it was discovered that the pain was sporadic & colicky. It was present on the rt side of the abdomen which radiated from the loin to groin area, difficulty in urination normally at the start of pricking type of urination often burning micturition.

Past History:- Patient had 2 times operated history for renal calculi. There was no history of diabetes mellitus or HTN. History revealed that his food intake was irregular so recurrence of calculi was present. He was not willing for 3^{rd} time operation of renal calculi. He came for *Ayurvedic* treatment.

Family History:- no significant history

Rugnaparikshan:-

- *Nadi* 76 /min
- Mal. samyak
- Mutra Asamyak
- Jivha alpsam
- Shabda Prakrut
- Sparsha samshitoshn
- Prakruti. vat-kaphaj
- Nidra. -Anidra
- RR. 19 / min

Method:-

- Temp 98.3°F
- BP. 120/70 mm of Hg
- Urine Burning & painful micturation
- Stool Unsatisfactory bowel habits
- P/A No *organanomegally* & tenderness elicited in both side of lumbar region & side of renal angle.

Investigation:-

USG Report – Right *renomegaly* with two small stones $(8.9 \times 7.4.10 \times 8.3 \text{ mm})$ in caliceal system with *hydronephrosis* due to three small stones $(9.3 \times 6.2, 6.5 \times 4.6 \text{ mm})$ in right VUJ & lower ureter.

Urinary bladder shows mild mucosal irregular thickening. His blood & urine reports were within normal limits

Samprapti Ghatak:-

Dosha – tridosha (vatkaphpradhan n) **Dushya** – Mutra

Material: -

Agni - jatarangi mandya
Ama - Jataragni mandya janya
Strotas – Mutravaha strotas
Udbhava sthan – Amashaya & pakvashaya
Sanchara sthan – Siras, amapakvashayagat Mutravaha strotas
Adhisthan – Mutravaha strotas & basti
Vyakta sthan – Mutravaha strotas & basti
Dusri Prakara – sanga
Rogmarga - madhyama
Vyadhi swabhava – Mutra apravruttijanya vicar
Sadhyasadhyatha – kruchhasadhya, shastrasadhya
Material & Methods:- Method:- 1) A Case study
 2) Centre – PG Dept of Kaychikitsa L. K. Ayurved Hospital Yavatamal affiliated to DMM Ayurved college Yavatmal

Dravya	Matra	Kala	Anupan	
1.Hazrul Yahud	20 gm			
Bhasma				
+				
Punarnava				
Mandur	10 gm			
+				
Punarnava		BD	Ushnodak	
Gugulu	10gm			
+	10			
Pashanbhed	10 gm			
+				
punarnava	10 am			
churna	40 gm			
+ Chandraprabha	10 gm			
Vati	10 511			
,				

(60 pudya)	(twice a day 11)			
2.cap Unclean		TDS	Water	
3.Tab Distone		TDS	Water	
4.cap. panastone		TDS	Water	
4. Syp Unclean + Ashmarihar kadha		TDS (10ml)	Water	
5.Cap.Conlax		OD water	HS	

Before treatment (USG Report)



After treatment (no stone in USG report)



(Stone size)

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text>

Result: -

In the first follow up, the patient informed the stone was expelled out through urine. It was 18mm×9mm in size. He experienced moderate pain & disturbance in the urine flow on 30 th day. The patient got moderate relief from pain in the abdomen & didn't experience dysuria. The result revealed that with *ayurvedic Shaman Chikitsa* renal calculi can be healed & other surgical procedures can be prevented.

Discussion :-- In this case study, the stone was present on UVJ region. UV *Jregion* is nearer to the urethra so the stone was easily expelled out through the urine. The combination of drugs described in the treatment found to be very effective in reducing the symptoms of *Mutrashmari*, *bastishula*, *Mutra*

virechaniya, mutrasangrahaniya & mutrashodhaka.

In the present case study, pain is relieved due to the ushna & teekshna guna of drugs has kaphvataghna properties^[8]. It acts antagonist to sanghata. Uclean kaphvataja In capsule, chandraprabha (50mg), Hazral Yahud Bhasma (50 mg), Tankan bhasma (25 mg), Pashanbhed (100mg) which is used in urinary retention, dysuria, renal calculi & burning micturation due to acidic urine.

• **Distone capsule** in *ayurvedic* formulation enriched with *Pashanbhed*, *manjistha*, *Nagar musta*, *Apamarkhar*, *Elaichi*, *Revanchini*, *Gojiha*, *sahadevi*, *Hazrul yahud bhasma*,Shudha shilajit. that is a unique *ayurvedic* blend of herbs & minerals meant for overall kidney, urogenital system wellness & also reduce stone forming substance.

• Chandraprabha Vati is potent anti-inflammatory *ayurvedic* remedy used for the treatment of diseases of the urinary tract,kidney, pancreas, thyroid gland,bones &joints. syp uclean & *Ashmarihar kadha* helps in breaking the *sanghat* of *Mutrashmari* & helps in dissolution & disintegration of stone i.e *Ashmarighna* properties ^[9].

Probable Mode of Action:-All the medicine are given in the treatment are ushna & tikshna guna has kaphvataghna properties. It acts antagonist to kaphvataj sanghat It helps in breaking the sanghat of Mutrashmari & helps in dissolution & disintegration of stone I e Ashmarighna properties

Conclusion: - After observation of this case study, it can be concluded that the Ayurveda gives better relief to the patient of *Mutrashmari*. The *ayurvedic* formulation of *churna*, tablets & *kashaya* can be safely & effectively carried out in pts of *Mutrashmari* with good results.

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