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A case study on the *Ayurvedic* management of *Bahupitta Kamala* w. s. r. to Hepatocellular Jaundice

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Abstract

This competitive world peoples are habitual of irregular eating and tremendous changes occur in day to day lifestyle. Irregular eating and habit of eating street foods increases the risk of intake of contaminated water and food. All these factors lead to risk of many more diseases. One of them which is most important and life threatening disease is "Bahupitta Kamala" (jaundice). Jaundice is a condition in which, yellow appearance of the skin, sclera and mucous membranes resulting increased billirubin from an concentration in the body fluids^{(1).} Ayurveda described Jaundice as "Kamala

vyadhi." *Pittakarahar* like spicy Food *VadaPav*, missal and alcohol consumption tendency is also increasing day by day. The incidence of such disease is increasing Day by day. Ayurvedic texts nidan panchak with treatment of *Kamala* is given Very well.

"Kamalatuvirechana" is chikitsa sutra of the Kamala ^{(2).}.The Treatment of Kamala (Jaundice) must start with virechna (purgation). The basic theory is that raktadushti responsible For Kamala and Yakrutta (liver) is Mulstana of Rakta. Rakta and Pitta has Ashrya-Ashrayisambhanda so that a daily virechna (purgation) is recommended⁽³⁾. The combination of some herbs is also useful in *Kamala chikitsa*. It's one attempt to management of *bahupitta Kamala* with Some Ayurvedic herbs which give effective results.

Key words- *Bahupitta Kamala*, Jaundice, *Virechan*, Bilirubin

Introduction

Kamala can be correlated with Jaundice because of similarities in its causes, symptoms patho-physiology and manifesting sites. Acharya Charka explain **Bahupitta** Kamala (Hepatocellular jaundice) according to Acharya Charka main cause of Bahupitta Kamala is intake of *pittakar ahara vihar* unhygienic Food, contaminated food are also causes of BahupittaKamala. Vitiated Pitta dosha goes in to rakta -mamsa resulting in symptoms of Bahupita Kamala.Hepatocellular Jaundice is a particular form of Jaundice, in which Skin, eye, urine become yellowish. patients also complains of Fatigue, anorexia and nausea modern science has only symptomatic treatment For the disease. In all Ayurvedic texts nidan panchak with treatment of Kamala is given. "Kamale tu virechan". The meaning of the sutra is "Virechana" is the only main treatment of Kamala. The basic principle behind this treatment is remove pittadushti. Pitta and Rakta has Ashrayaashrayi relation, due to vitiation of pitta rakta get vitiated which causes dushti of mulsthana of rakta dhatui.e. yakrut (Liver) and *pleeha* (spleen)to remove vitiated pitta daily virechan is advised. The symptoms of Kamala explained in our classical text are Haridra-Netra, (yellowish sclera) Mutra (yellow colour urine) Twaka (yellow skin), Nakha (nail) Vaktra (face) shakrut (faeces) Dah (burning), Avipaka (indigestion), trishna(thirst) *Bhekabh* (looks like frog) Daourbalendriya (generalized weakness) are similar to that of Jaundice. Ayurveda untreated Panduroga and excess pittakar ahara-Vihara are main causes of Kamala this Viktit pitta deranged the function of Agni. Hence Acharya advice treatment of Kamala is Nidanparivarjan (remove Causes), Pittavirechan.

Case study

A 36 year old male patient came to OPD with

Chief complaint

- Pita varniya netra (yellowish discoloration of sclera) since 8 days
- *Pita varniya mutra* (yellowish discoloration of urine)
- Agnimandya (loss of appetite)
- Daurbalya (weakness)
- Hrullas (Nausea)

History of present illness

Patient was alright before 8days since then patient suffering from pita varniya *netra, pita varniya mutra, agnimandya, daurbalya* for ayurvedic treatment patient came LK hospital. patient admitted to IPD for Better management

Past history :

No h/o DM,HTN, THYROID

Personal history :

No h/o any addiction

Samanya parikshan :

- Nadi : 76/min (sarpagati)
- Mal :pit varniya
- Mutra : Pit varniya
- Jivha : Samata
- Agni : Mandya

Treatment :

- Shabda: Spashata
- Sparsha :Anushanshit
- Akruti : Krusha
- Bal : Madhyam
- Bp :110/70 mmHg

S/E

- CVS- S1 S2 normal
- CNS conscious & Oriented
- RS- AEBE clear
- Liver mild tenderness Right Hypochondrium
- Spleen mild tenderness at Left Hypochondrium

Drug	Dose	Aushadh Sevan kal	Anupan
Arogyavardhini vati	250 mg	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Sutshekar ras	250 mg	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Avipattikar churna	1gm	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Kutaki churna	1gm	vyanidane	Koshnajal
Panchasakar churna	3gm	Nishikal	Koshnajal
Kamalahar kwatha	30 ml	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Syrup levo G	2tsp	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Syrup vitacid	2tsp	Vyanodane	Koshnajal
Tab liversin	250 mg	Vyanodane	Koshnajal

Investigation

16/06/23

- Total bilirubin -13.8mg%
- Direct -10.8mg/dl
- Indirect -2.7 mg/dl
- SGPT-125.7 u/l
- Urine examination –

- Bile salt-present
- Bile pigment present

17/06/23

- Hb-13.4 gm%
- WBC -7500 /cmm
- Platelet -3.47lakh/cumm
- MCV 79.7 fl

- MCH 27.7pg
- Sickling negative
- Sr creatinine -0.98
- Sr alkaline phosphatase -134
- CRP 45.83 IU/ml
- Widal o-1:40
 - o H-1:40
- HIV negative
- HBSAG negative
- Denge –(IgG,IgM,NS1 antigen negative)

USG (17/06/23)

- Mild hepatomegaly with reduced *parenchyamal* echogenicity
- Mild splenomegaly with normal *parenchyamal* echogenicity

DISCUSSION

In today's era of industrialization and life-threatening competitions, the lifestyle of mankind has been hugely changed. In Ayurvedic Samhita, *Kamala* is explained Under Raktavaha Strotas Vyadhi. Regular consumption of Ushna-Tikshna Ahara by Pandurogi causes vitiation of Pitta Dosha. Due to Katu, Amla Lavan ahara there is vitiation of Pitta which leads to hypofunction Jatharagni followed by the production of Amavisha, and the formation of the disease called Kamala. As it is Pitta and Rakta Pradoshaj Vyadhi it wii be managed by Madhura Tikta and Kashaya Rasa.In Ayurveda, various formulations are described for the management of *Kamala* as a supportive medicine. In this formulations like case study Arogyavardhini sutshekar ras. avipattikar are used for the management of Kamala. All these Ras Aoushadhi & Herbo - mineral formulations contain the Tikta Rasa, drugs having Dipana, Pahchana Rechan, Pitta kapha shamaka, Yakruttotejaka and Rasayana properties.

Drug	Mode of action				
Arogyavardhini vati	Regulation of pitta secretion, agnimandya, dipan, pachan, grahanidoshnashak, malshuddhikar				
Sutshekar ras	Pittashamak, ushan tikshan, action on liver				
Avipattikar churna	Pittaghna, agnipradipak, rechak				
Kutaki Churna	Pittarechak, Bhedan, yakrututtejak				
Panchasakar churna	Agnidipak, virechak (sanaypatra, sunthi, sauf, sandhav, Shiva)				
Kamalahar kwatha	Pittashamak, kamhalahar, yakrut uttejak				
Syrup Livo G	Pittashamak, action on liver				
Syrup vitacid	Pittashamak				
Tab liversin	Pittashamak, yakrut uttejak				

Result

The Patient had started improving during hospital stay& at the end of 30 days all symptoms get disappear

Table showing changes in blood investigation after treatment

Date	Total bilirubin	Direct	Indirect	SGPT	SGOT
16/06/23	13.5 mg%	10.8 Mg/dl	2.7 Mg/dl	125.7 u/l	U/I
17/06/23	12.8	10.1	2.7	93	80
20/06/23	8.8	5.7	3.1	56	69
22/06/23	7.42	4.62	3.16	62	41
24/06/23	4.20	2.30	1.9	45	52
27/06/23	2.11	0.89	1.22	29	34
05/07/23	1.89	0.89	ind.00	49	36
12/07/23	2.05	0.8	1.7	28	31

Symptomatic Assessment:

Symptoms	16/06/23	24/06/23	01/07/23	09/07/23	12/07/23
Netra pitata	+++	+++	++	++	+
Mutra pitata	+++	++	++	+	-
Agnimandya	++	++	+	-	-
Daurbalya	+++	+++	+++	++	+
Hrullas	++	+	+	-	-



16-06-2023



20-06-2023



24-06-2023



05-07-2023

Conclusion:

From the above case study, it can be concluded that effective treatment of Kamala is possible by Ayurveda. In patients with jaundice, there was a marked reduction of symptoms like yellowish discoloration of the icterus, vellowish discoloration of urine. Anorexia. No unwanted effect of medicine observed during treatment and during follow up period. treatment of



17-06-2023



22-06-2023



27-06-2023



12-07-2023

Kamala can be emphasized more effectively for the betterment of society.

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