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Vrana Bandhana - Bandaging of Wounds in Ayurveda

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ABSTRACT-

Aacharya Sushruta, Father of Surgery has explained many master techniques of surgical practice in Sushruta samhita. Bandha vidhi is the technique of bandaging mentioned in Sushrutha Samhita. Acharya Sushruta mentioned about this in Sushruta Samhita in Vrana alepana bandha vidhi. In this adhyaya, types of bandaging, proper method of *bandha*, application criteria of bandaging contraindication and of bandaging are advocated.

KEY WORDS- Ayurveda, Vrana Bandhana, Bandha Vidhi, Bandaging Technique

INTRODUCTION-

Since time immemorial, man had to contend with wounds. The incidence of traumatic wounds is very large globally. Surgery is never without wounds and trauma. Vrana (wound & ulcers) is a very common problem encountered by medical practitioners in today's era. Even though healing of Vrana is a natural process of the body, the Vrana should be protected from Dosha, Dushti and from various micro organisms, which may affect the Vrana and delay the normal healing process. Aacharya Sushruta has described 15 types of materials used for wound dressing as follows,

- 1. Kshouma- made from jute
- 2. Karpasa- cotton
- 3. Avika- wool
- 4. Dukula- soft cloth
- 5. Kousheya- silk
- 6. Patrorna-tussar
- 7. Cheena patta
- 8. Charma-leather
- 9. Antarvalkala- inner bark of tree
- 10. *Alabu shakala* piece of long gourd
- 11. Lata vidala- piece of creeping plant
- 12. Rajju- rope
- 13. Tula phala- made from cotton
- 14. Santanika- gauge
- 15. Loha- metal

These *vranabandhas* are advised to use according to the stage of wound & season.¹

Types of Bandhana²

Aacharya Sushruta has narrated 14 types of wound bandaging as follows:

- Kosha bandha The dressing used for thumb & interphalangeal joints is called kosha bandha.
- Dama bandha It is used to bandage narrow parts of the body.

- Swastika bandha It looks like swastika & hence the name given. It is useful to apply on joints, kurcha, palms & soles in between eyebrows & breasts & ears.
- Anuvellita It looks like acreeping plant applied over limbs i.e. spiral bandage. E.g. over extremities
- Mutoli Broad & loose bandaging over neck & penis.
- Mandalam Bandage applied in a circular manner is called Mandalam.
- 7. Sthagika Sthagika means a box used to keep betel leaves. This type of bandha is applied over the tip of thumb, finger & penis. It is similar to stump bandage.
- Yamaka bandha When a single bandage is applied to cover two different wounds, it is called yamaka bandha.
- Khatwa bandha It is four tailed bandage & applied over chin, temporal region & cheeks.
- 10. Cheena bandha It is an eye bandage.
- 11. Vibandha It is applied over back region & abdomen & considered as a many tailed bandage.
- 12. Vitana This type of bandha is applied over head region. It is similar to cephaline bandage.

- Gophana It is similar to sling bandage & applied over chin, nose, lips, shoulder & suprapubic region.
- 14. Panchangi It is a five tailed bandage & applied on the region above the manubrium sterni.

Aacharya Vagbhata has added one more type as, *Utsangi bandha* which is similar to arm sling bandage & used to support mobile parts.

Method of Bandha application

After cleaning & application of medicine, thick *kavalika* is kept over the wound & proper bandaging is done, applied by the right hand, without any folds & tied gently.

Bandage should be well spread & knot should be tied securing the wound.

Sthananusara Bandha³-

1) Gadha bandha:

The bandha which remains painless even after application of pressure is called gadha. It is used for buttocks, flanks, head etc.

2) Shithila bandha:

The bandha which is loose & allows the free movement of air is called shithila bandha. It is used for eyes & joints.

3) Sama bandha:

Bandha which is in between gadha & shithila in accordance with tightness is

called *sama bandha*. It is used for upper & lower limbs, face, ears, neck, scrotum & penis, abdomen, thorax etc.

Frequency of changing bandage⁴-

The *paittika vrana* should be dressed 2 times a day in *sharad* & *grishma* similar should be the practice in wounds vitiated by *shonita*.

Shlishmika vrana should be dressed every 3rd day in grishma & vasanta similar should be practiced in wound vitiated by vata. However the clinician after due consideration may do the bandaging & dressing in any other appropriate way.

line CONCLUSION

- *Bandha* means bandaging which used in wound.
- Vrana Bandhana is a very important treatment of wounds and ulcers.
- Ayurveda mentioned various modalities for *Bandha*(bandaging) purpose
- Bandhana has to be done based on the involved dosha, Rutu, Sthana and Akriti.
- *Bandhana* used for fracture, dislocation, cuts, wounds, warts and ulcer, etc.

- Bandhana should be done in proper method as described in classics for more benefits.
- Bandhana dravya (bandaging materials) explained in Ayurveda texts are in used even in the present era.

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